

Wild Edibles

Trip slip #3
7/6/05

Leaders:

Dyuda "Zelda"
Kovalchuk
(617)-584-2624

David "Q" Krinsky
(617)-332-4459

Where: Brown Middle School

When: 9am - 4pm What to bring:

boots, lunch, water, notebook + pencil, ranger gear,
1st aid, raspberries, an appetite for adventure

5 36! You have decided to sign up for wild edibles!
And a very good decision it was, because wild edibles
is one of my favorite day trips. Tomorrow we will
set off on a journey to collect some plants. But not
just any plants, plants you can eat! You might be
surprised by the kinds of things we'll find, because
many of them can be found in your own backyard.
Some examples are dandelions, day lilies, plantain,
and even cattails! After we harvest our plants,
we'll cook them and eat them back at Brown. Get
ready to try some tasty, unusual foods!
Here are some of the things
that will probably be on our menu:

- day lily pancakes
- dandelion fritters
- buttered cattails
- sumac tea

We'll also learn
some ecology and
untangle the mystery
of food webs.



In case of emergency, your child will be brought to: Newton-Wellesley Hospital
617-243-6000
This program must comply with the regulations of the Mass. Dept. of Public Health and
must be licensed by the City of Newton Health Dept.

Wild Edible

TRIPSLIP #3



Where: Brown

need: Backpack, Lunch, H2O, Hiking boots
Pocket knife, Plastic bags.

Bring your appetite because we will cook

a ~~STORM~~ plant



We will make some Day Lily Tempura,
try to
Cattails, and maybe Dandelion.
I hope you enjoy tomorrow!

If you have any food allergies
★ Call one of us and tell us if you do.
The day before ★



In case of Emergency, your child will be brought to:
Newton Wellesley Hospital: 617-243-6000.

This program must comply with the regulations of the Massachusetts Dept. of
Public Health and must be licensed by the City of Newton Health Department.

WILD EDIBLES

THINGS TO MAKE -

- DAY LILLY TEMPURA
- BIRCH TEA
- SASSAFRASS TEA
- RASPBERRY/BLACKBERRY TARTS
- CATTAILS - (GREEN ONES)
- WOOD SORREL
- STAGHORN SUMAC LEMONADE SALAD w/ CHICKORY + DANDELION

TEAS

BIRCH - GET YOUNG YELLOW OR BLACK BIRCH TWIGS
SASSAFRAS ROOTS w/ BARK

* BOIL WITH MINT LEAVES

- ADD SUGAR OR MILK TO TASTE

STAGHORN SUMAC-ADE

- SEPARATE FRUITS FROM TWIGS

- STEEP IN NEAR BOILING H₂O (NO LESS THAN ONE CUP FRUITS TO ONE QUART H₂O)
FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES

- STRAIN THROUGH CLOTH, DILUTE, SWEETEN TO TASTE

- DRINK HOT OR COLD

DANDELION + CHICKORY SALAD

- SEE PAGES 104+115 IN EDIBLE WILD PLANTS BOOK

BERRY TARTS - USE STORE BOUGHT BISCUIT DOUGH

WILD EDIBLES



Leaders: Amelia Ruyan of
Run-yan can cook fame
(617) 244-8836
Master Chef Mike McClellan
(617) 244-0998

Where? Brown Middle School
when? 9-4 What? Sneakers, Lunch,
H₂O, field kit, notebook and pencil,
possibly some food like raspberries.

Today, cadets, we will attempt to make nature edible. And we shall succeed, oh yes, we will succeed. Although there are many plants that are NOT edible, such as deadly nightshade, some mushrooms and some other stuff, there is also a ton of totally edible delicious stuff growing right in your backyard!! Or your middle school gardens and fields, as the case may be. The things at the top of this page are some of the most delicious and easy-to-find plants in the area. We'll brew some sassafrass tea, add a bit of sumac and birch and fry up some cattails and day lillies as horsd'oeuvres or however you happen to spell what sounds like "orderves." My attempt to actually spell that failed, I apologize. So come prepared to try some new foods (no picky eaters allowed!!) and also be prepared to cook up a storm!! One thing to keep in mind is to be very neat and respectful of the FACS (family and consumer science) room. It's not ours so we need to treat it well!! See you there!!

EDIBLE PLANTS

Cattails ↗

Leaders: Lynda Kevalehukie
(617) 584-2624

Mike McLellan
(617) 244-0998

Where: Brown Middle School When:

What to bring: boots, lunch, H₂O,
notebook + pencil, rain gear, 1st aid,
an appetite for some wild plants

Here IS a trip for those who aren't
afraid to try new things! We will
scour the area around Brown for
edible plants. Collect them,
cook them, and, finally, eat them!

Though you probably wouldn't expect
it, there are tons of edible plants
right in your own backyard! These
include dandelions, plantain, black
birches, and all the stuff I drew
around ^{most of} this page. Here is a look at
some of the things we'll probably be
making:

- * day lily pancakes  yum!
- * sumac / sassafrass tea 
- * wood sorrel / plantain salad (?)

wood sorrel

(how is it
different
from clover?)

sumac

day lily

C.U. on
wed.!

In case of an emergency, your child will be brought to: Newton-Wellesley Hosp. 617-243-6000
This program must comply with the regulations of the Massachusetts Department of Public Health and must be
licensed by the City of Newton Health Department.

TRIPSLIP #3

AMIELIA (

) ANGELA (527-7993)
TIME: 9-2 @ TBROWN

WEED EDIBLES



HELLO - WELCOME TO WHAT I (ANGELA) CONSIDER THE BEST (OR ONE OF) TRIPS OF THE YEAR. BASICALLY, WHAT WE GET TO DO IS EAT AND LEARN ABOUT FLOWERS. WE ARE GOING TO COOK SOME GREAT FOOD AND HAVE A PARTY WHILE WE EAT IT. YOU ALL STILL HAVE TO WEAR BOOTS AND BRING YOUR RAINCOAT BECAUSE WE ARE GOING TO BE FINDING THIS FOOD OUT SIDE. YOU ALL SHOULD ALSO ALL BRING A LUNCH BECAUSE THERE ISNO GUARANTEE HOW MUCH OR WHAT WE WILL FIND. OUR GOAL FOR THIS TRIP IS TO LEARN ABOUT FLOWER STRUCTURE AND TO EAT SOME REALLY GREAT FOOD. (HOPEFULLY YOU ALL WILL LEARN NOT WHAT TO EAT & SWELL)



Katie

TRIPSLIP # 19

Leaders: Jesse, Jesse bo bessy, banana fana fo fesse,
me my mo messe, Jesse (965-2719)

~~Jenny, Jenny bo benny, banana fana fo fanny, me my mo manny, Jenny (965-2719),~~
Dan, Dan bo ban, banana fana fo fan, me my mo man, Dan. (527-2763)

13

July 9, 1998

Times: 9 AM - 2 PM

@ Brown Junior High



WILD EDIBLES



Equipment: Backpack, lunch, H₂O, boots OR sneakers, Field Kit, pocket knife,
PLASTIC BAGS. Trowel or small shovel. A shoe horn.

Willy: Jesse, I'm really excited for wild edibles. Are you?

Jesse: Oh, I'm psyched. Especially since we get to eat day lilles!!!!

Willy: Oh dear lord, THE HORROR, THE HORROR!!!!!!!

Jesse: Don't worry Willy, we wont eat you. But your family, they're free for the picking.

Willy: Dear lord NOOOOO!!!!!!

Jesse: We are also going to cook; green cattails, raspberries, mulberries, black/yellow birch, wood sorrel, dried curlydoc, and Sassafras. So students, bring your appetites, some small plastic bags, SMALL shovels, and be prepared to dig around in the dirt.

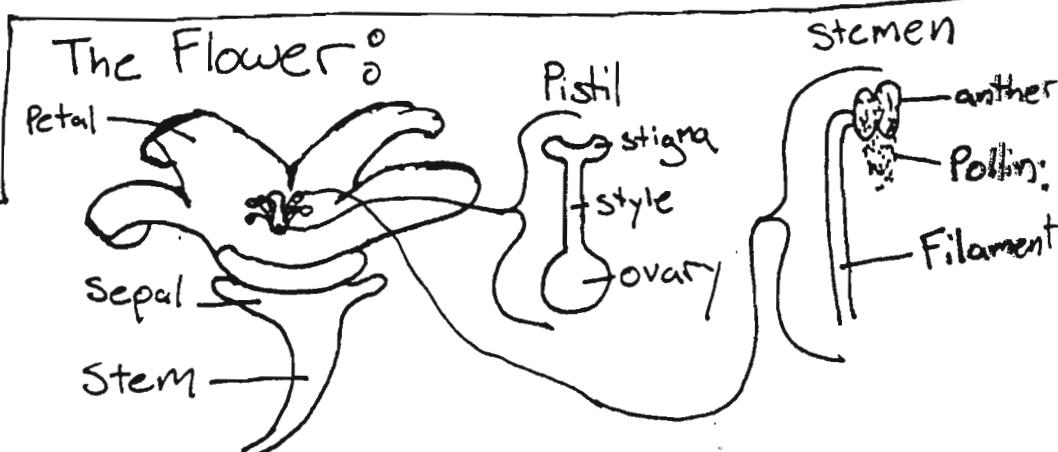
Willy: What about my family???

Jesse: Stop your whining Willy, and suck it up. Maybe we will find some new fun things to eat with Jenny's NEW wild edibles book. Any last words before we eat you Willy?

Willy: WHAT????????

Jesse: I'm just kidding.

We will talk about what each part does



W Leaders: Mike "Cabinet" Mike (Ha! Fooled you) 617-244-0998
I Lyuda "Doorknob" Kovalchuk 617-584-2624
L

T Where: Brown Middle School @ 9 am - 4 pm
E

I Bring: Water, hiking boots, lunch, raingear, First Aid, spare canoe
L

D Today we will put your first day listening skills to the test.
E

I Also your remembering and eating skills. (I hope you don't
D have lockjaw). For our trip we will go out to the wilderness
E of Brown Middle School and find all sorts of wild
D edibles, hence the name of the trip (if you need this
E to be explained: we will find WILD EDIBLES on the
D WILD EDIBLES trip. Get it?). This plants will be taken into our high-tech Deluxe Culinary Cooking Art
T Room For The Act of Cooking Artistically, and then
B eaten by you, the viewer. Here's what we will look for:
L



Cattails



sumac
(not poison)



Day Lily
(plural)



and
so
on...

In case of an emergency, your child will be brought to: Newton Wellesley Hospital 617-243-6000

This program must comply with the regulations of the Massachusetts Department of Public Health and must be licensed by the City of Newton Health Department.

WILD EDIBLES.

Tripslip number: Six (6)

Date: Thursday, July Twelfth, Two-thousand-one (7/12/01)

Time(s): Eight-Thirty until Four (8:30am-4pm)

Meeting Location: Brown Middle School, in Newton

Leader(s): Jonathan Rivnay (617-527-1849)

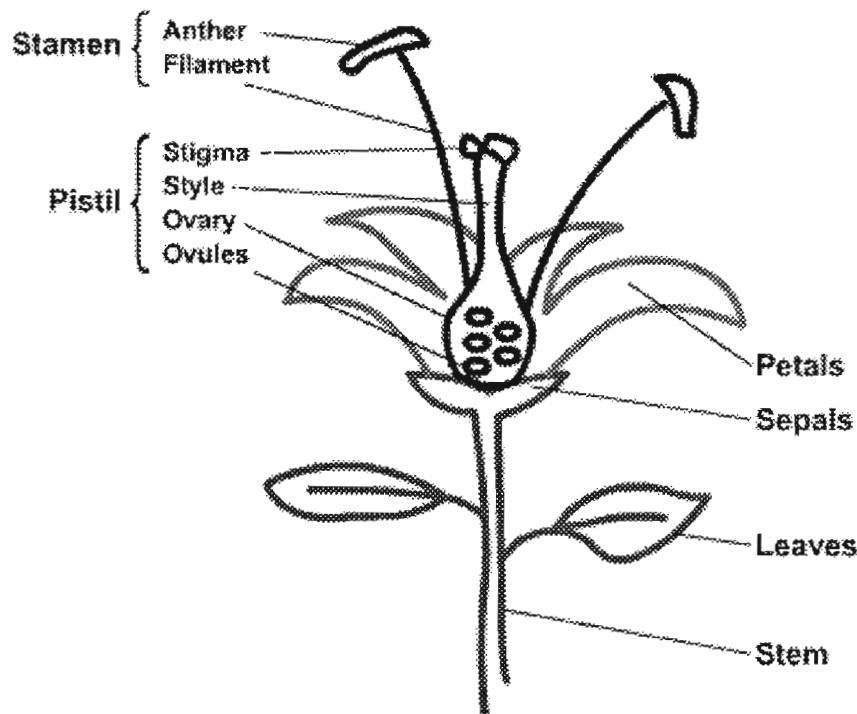
Jeff Wong (617-332-3617)

Required Equipment: Boots or Sneakers (no Sandals or Flip-flops), Water, Lunch, Field Kit (Raingear, First Aid, etc.), Trowel (small shovel for to dig with, if you have one), small plastic bags, and your hunger.

Tripslip Contents: "Edible." "Parts."

PARTS.

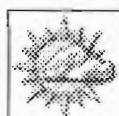
as i will discuss in "Edible" you need to be able to learn what is edible and safe and what is not, what is tasty and what is just plain jibber-jabber. therefore, I would not recommend just going home and picking random plants for to have a feast with. a good example of two flowers that look alike, one of which is edible is the day vs. tiger lilies (shown at the bottom right) one is poisonous, and then again one is quite delish -- can you guess which?! we'll try both! just kidding....maybe. to understand these differences we must understand structure. this includes leaf structure, and appearance of the plant. Some plants only have edible parts. this means that you need to understand the parts of a flower/tree and know which part(s) is/are edible. In some cases is the petal of the flower (shown in diagram)...in others, it can be the bud, stalk, leaves, or roots. we will discuss these on thursday.



Weather Forecast (by boston.com):

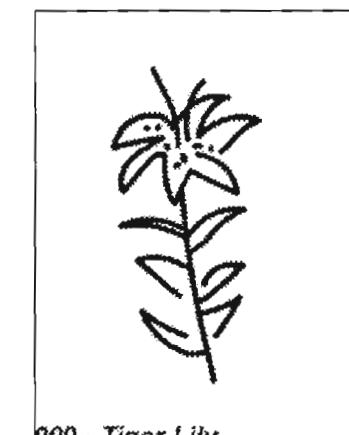
EnviSci takes no responsibility for the accuracy of the boston.com weather forecast. You must bring your raingear and lots of water, no matter what!

Thursday,
July 12, 2001

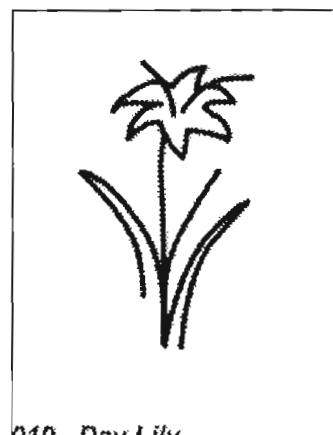


partly cloudy:
H75 / L59

Intervals of sunshine and cloudiness. Chance of a few afternoon showers during the late afternoon. Cool, highs only 70 to 75. Showers ending with skies becoming partly cloudy overnight. Lows 54 to 59.



009 - Tiger Lily



010 - Day Lily

EDIBLE.

tomorrow, or....today, for those of you who did not read your tripslip yesterday, we will be hiking around the brown/south area looking for edible plants and such. with these we will dash back to the school to whip up some yummy foods. we will pick and prepare everything from fruits (swollen ovaries) to petals (from flowers) to stems and roots. the most important thing is knowing what is edible, and what is not, so that we won't die. here are some edible things you can expect to encounter: birch, pine, sassafras, blueberries, raspberries, blackberries, and possibly some mulberries, day lily, curly doc, sumac. as long as we know what we're eating, everything will be okay. although some of the students have already shown an interest in chewing the leaves off of trees, the program, nor I support such actions... you'll see why.

Times: 9 - 2:00pm
Meet at: Newton South
Other Leader: Stacy 965-4988

Molly Smith 965-1979
Trip slip #8
July 12, 1993

WILD EDIBLES

Equipment: Field kit, lunch, boots, water, POCKET KNIFE, and, most importantly, PLASTIC BAGS.

Questions:

- How can you tell if blueberries are edible?
- What is the difference between wood sorrel and clover?
- How many needles does red pine have?

Learning about wild edibles is crucial to a person's survival. You may not ever need to survive on plants, but if you do, it would be helpful to know which plants won't kill you. We will be trying out some of those edible ones on Monday. You may not like any of them, but you should try them.



Tripslip #3



Time: 9:00 AM - 2:00 PM

meet @ Brown

Leaders: Amelia (244-8836)

Angela ()

Equipment:

Field kit, lunch,
water, boots,
pocket knife,
plastic baggies,
pocket knife

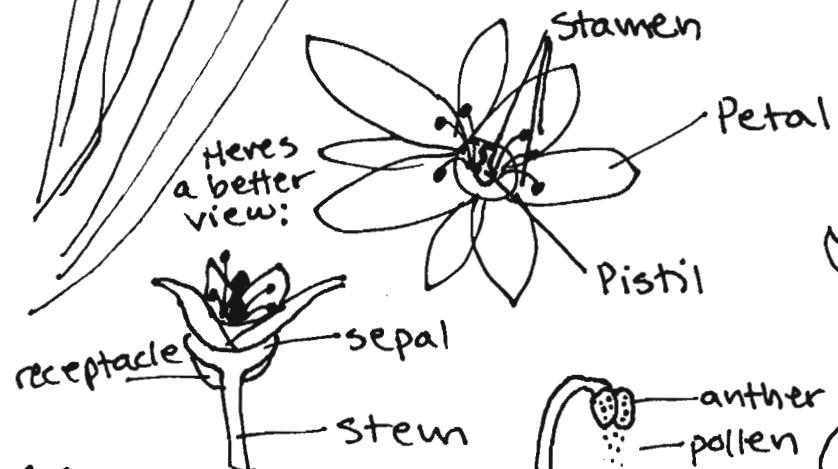
Today we will walk around the area near Brown and find out about which plants are edible, and which ones are not! Once we learn that, we will eat the ones that are!

We are going to make:

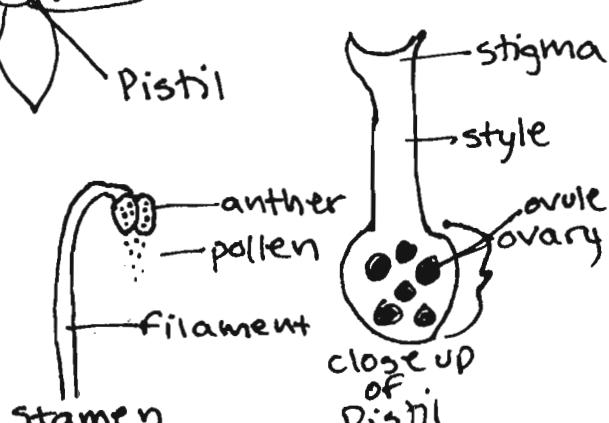
- Day Lily Tempura (not tiger lillies)
- Birch Tea
- wild fruit

and more! We need to know things about edible plants because, being woodsy outdoorsmen, like us, we might need to find food, and after this trip, you all will know where to find it.

You should also learn the parts of a flower:

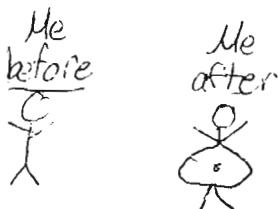
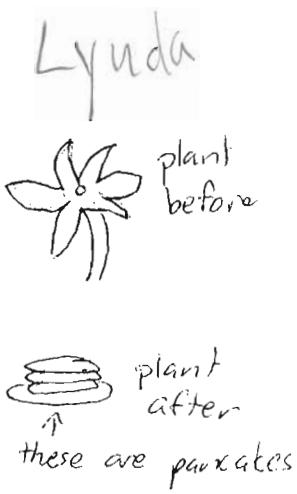
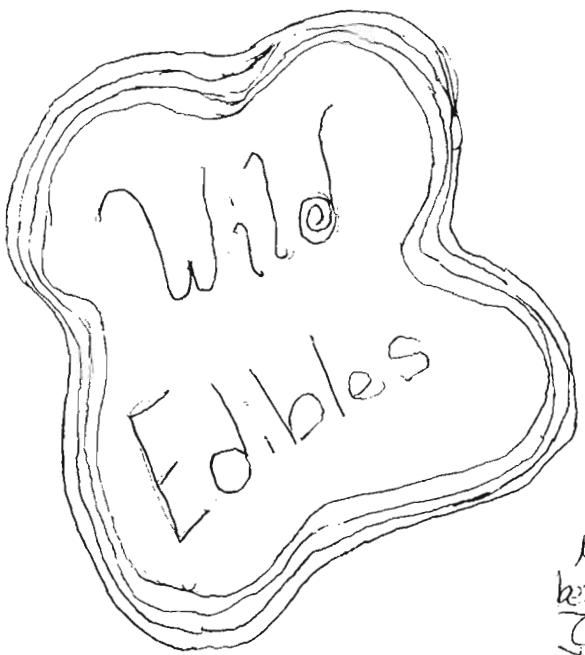


Wild Edibles



You don't have to memorize all this but you should be familiar with it.

Bring your appetite and an open mind and we will have FUN!



Leaders: McLellan, Mike
(617-244-0998)

Runyan, Amelia
(rhymes with Onion
Memorabilia, sort of)

Where: Brown Middle School

When: 9am - 4pm

Date: 7/9/03

what to Bring: back pack, water,
lunch (in case you get extra
hungry), a appetite for
some wild and edible plant
life, cheesecake

An old school rap about food by Mix Master Mike (What could be better?)

Yo, yo, yo. I'm Mix Master Mike, ready to bust out some crazy rhymes.
Check it!

Yeah, so, get in the mood
We gonna eat lotsa food
Made from trees and plants
While wearing parachute pants

Like M.C. Hammer

I might wind up in the slammer

Because I ate more than my fill

I'll be packed to the gills

I'll eat so much that I may pass out

Or I'll just keel over and thrash about



Like a turtle on its back
I'm gonna snack, snack, snack
I may need mouth-to-mouth
resuscitation

Dig this crazy personification:

[The dark trees raise their branches as if
calling to the evening sky as it tucks
in the world.]

And you can join me today

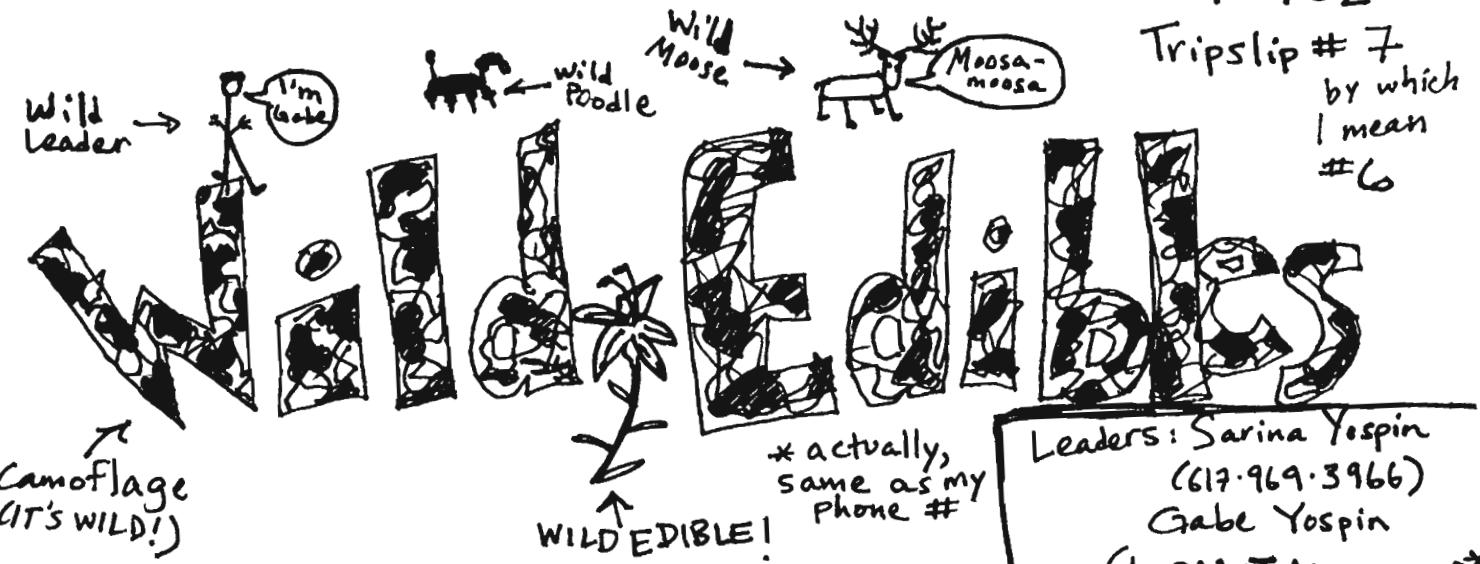
And you'll probably say:

"Stay away from the rap!"

And then I will:

7/10/02

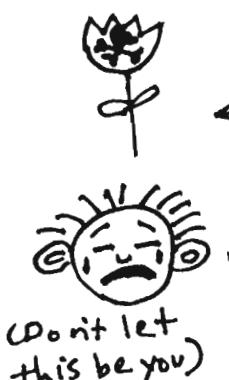
Tripslip #7
by which
I mean
#6



Leaders: Sarina Yospin
(617-969-3966)
Gabe Yospin
(1-800-I M-FATTY)*

Ever have the urge to just eat everything you see? Well, if you have, you hopefully never acted on that urge, because that would eventually result in your being friendless and lonely on a desolate, picked-clean planet. However, there are lots of things people can eat that I bet you don't know about. On this trip, we'll be hiking around Brown & South, tracking down wild things that are edible, and then we'll come back and prepare ourselves a feast of Envi-Sci-ic proportions. Huzzah, huzzah!

A word of advice: do not, I repeat, do not try to test a plant's (or animal's) edibility by eating it. Some plants are poisonous, and the unsuspecting, reckless, and uncool student who consumes them may be severely sad. In conclusion, science rules!



QUESTIONS FOR LIFE:

- Who made the best Bond?
- What is Sarina's least favorite insect?
- Where have all the cowboys gone?

Tripslip #6

Time: 9 AM - 4 PM Place: Brown Leaders: Joey (617-969-0

Date: Thursday, July 11th

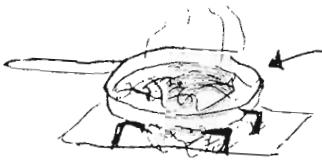
Amelia (617-244-88

a flower sandwich



Equipment: Field kit, lunch, water, boats, pocket knives, some plastic bags, one (1) bowling bu

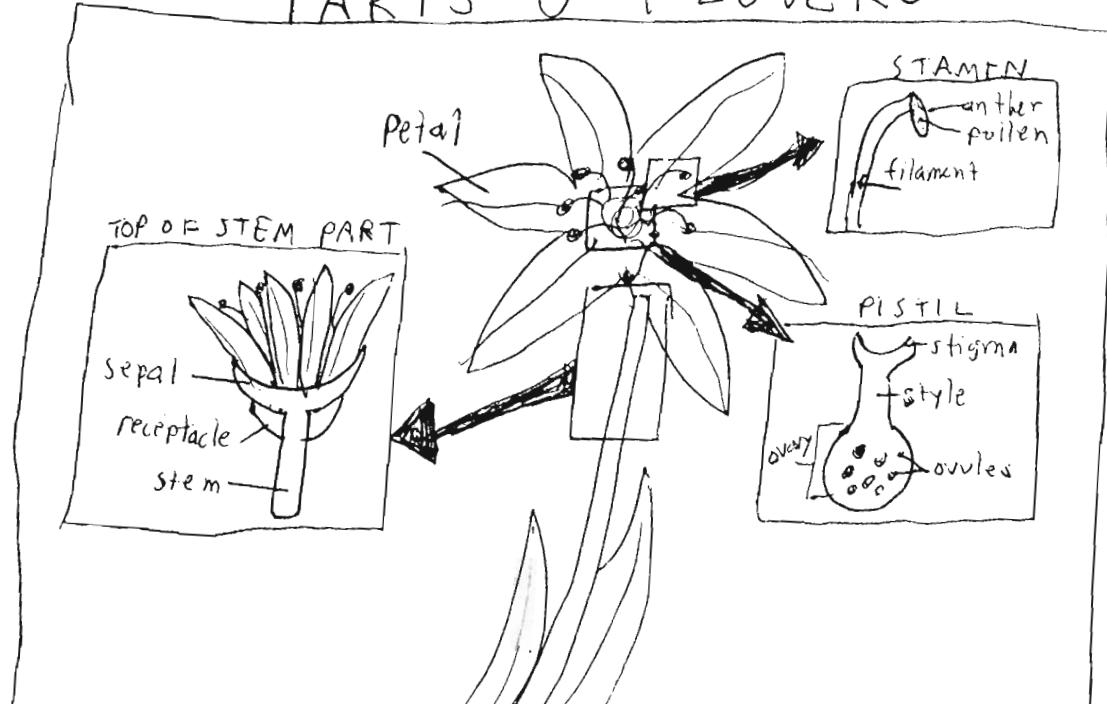
EDIBLES



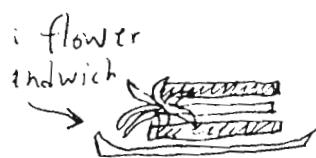
some stuff that is being fried

Do you remember the last time you were stranded in the woods with no food? Of course you do. And do you remember wishing you knew the recipe for Day Lilies Tempura? Duh. Well, your time has come to join the ranks of all those wood-chewing, fire-starting, day-lily-identifying individuals who never had to make excuses when their stomachs came a-rumblin'. That's right: it's Wild Edibles, where you will learn the rough and tumble culinary skills needed to survive in this cold, angry world.

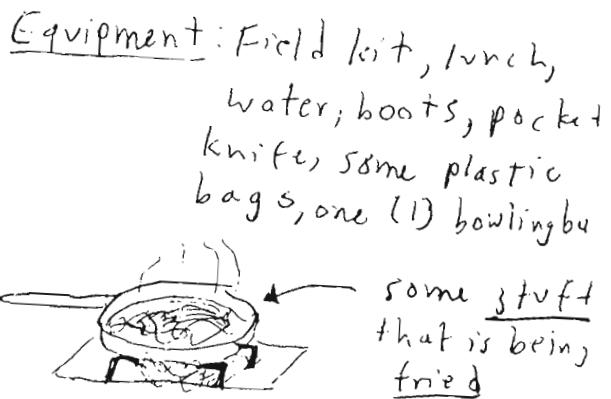
PARTS O' FLOWERS



Tripslip #6 Time: 9 AM - 4 PM Place: Brown Leaders: Joey (617-969-0123)
Date: Thursday, July 11th Amelia (617-244-88)

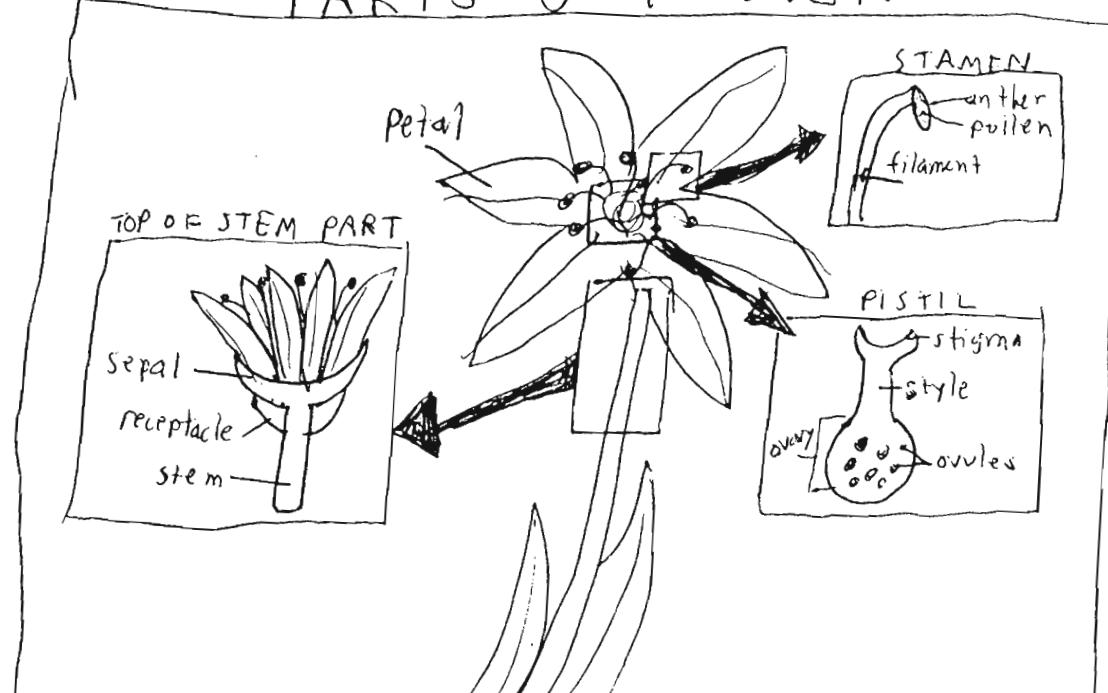


Wild EDIBLES



Do you remember the last time you were stranded in the woods with no food? Of course you do. And do you remember wishing you knew the recipe for Day Lilies Tempura? Duh. Well, your time has come to join the ranks of all those wood-chewing, fire-starting, day-lily-identifying individuals who never had to make excuses when their stomachs came a-rumblin'. That's right: it's Wild Edibles, where you will learn the rough and tumble culinary skills needed to survive in this cold, angry world.

PARTS O' FLOWERS



Tripslip #6 Time: 9 AM - 4 PM Place: Brown Leaders: Joey (617-989-0222)
Date: Thursday, July 11th cattail
Place: Brown Leaders: Joey (617-989-0222)
Amelia (617-244-8811)

a flower sandwich



Equipment: Field kit, lunch, water, boots, pocket knife, some plastic bags, one (1) bowling ball

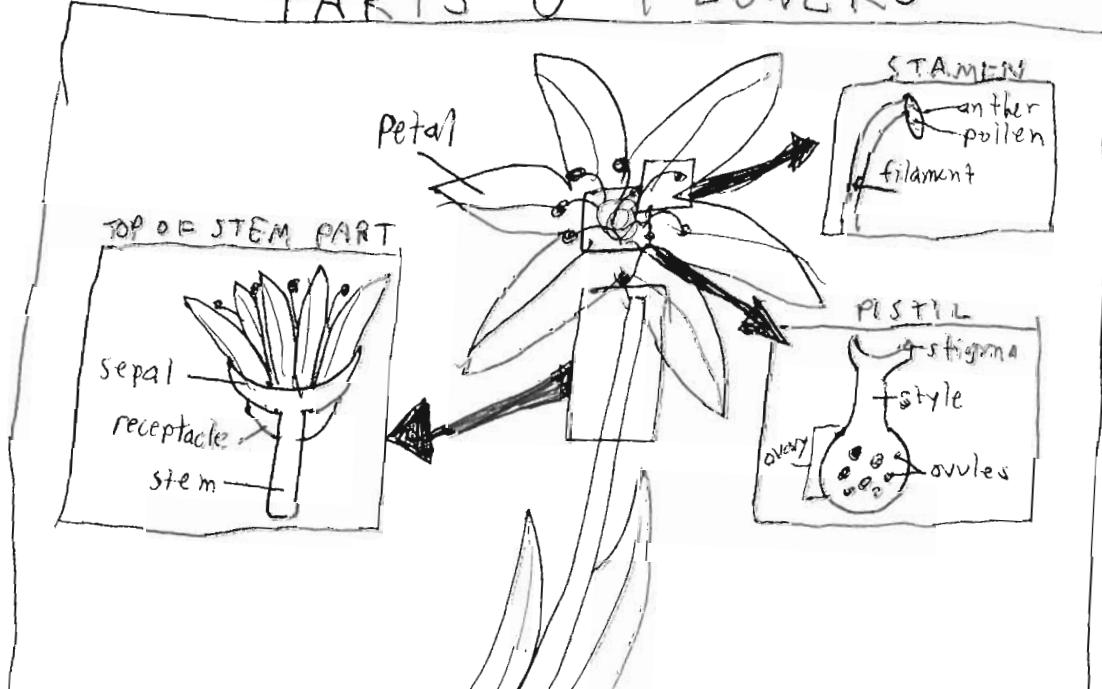
Wild EDIBLES



some stuff that is being fried

Do you remember the last time you were stranded in the woods with no food? Of course you do. And do you remember wishing you knew the recipe for Day Lillies Tempura? Duh. Well, your time has come to join the ranks of all those wood-chewing, fire-starting, day-lily-identifying individuals who never had to make excuses when their stomachs came a-rumblin'? That's right: it's Wild Edibles, where you will learn the rough and tumble culinary skills needed to survive in this cold, angry world.

PARTS O' FLOWERS



Wild Edibles



Leaders: Stacy (965-4988)
Mony (965-1979)

Stacy SANCHEZ
TRIPSHIP #9
July 13 1993

meet at South
times: 9AM-2PM

Equipment: Field kit, day pack, water, POCKET KNIFE, lunch,
PLASTIC BAGS

PARTS OF
A PLANT
ARE:

Flower

structure
containing
stamens,
pistil, or
both

Bud -

small growth
on end or
sides of
stem that
develops into a
flower

Stalk -

supports
flowers &
leaves

Tuber - swollen
section of a

root-like potatoe

Root - underground
stems

One of
the foods
we may be
preparing are
Cattails, if
we can find
any green ones
in the marsh
near South.
We'll boil the
Cattails and
eat them
like CORN.
with butter.
Other things
we'll be making
are teas
and fried
day lilies,
also we'll make
mulberry
tarts

Today we'll have lots of fun because
we'll be staying around South, finding
edible plants that grow in the wild.
The best part of the trip is that you
get to eat what you've found.
Among the edible plants we'll see are:

DAY LILIES - fry them in batter

CATTAILS - boil like CORN

DANDELION - use leaves in a salad (but we
probably won't use dandelions today, because
they're only edible at certain times - & we don't
want to poison you.)

RASPBERRIES } can be used in tarts

MULBERRIES }

WOOD SORRELL - leaves with citric acid

VIOLETS - flowers eaten raw or jellied

YELLOW BIRCH → tea

SASSAFRAS →
(use roots)

DO YOU KNOW:

How to tell the difference between blueberries (edible)
and berries that are blue but poisonous?

- what's the difference between a wood sorrell
and a clover?

- what's the difference between a day lily and
a tiger lily - and which one's edible?

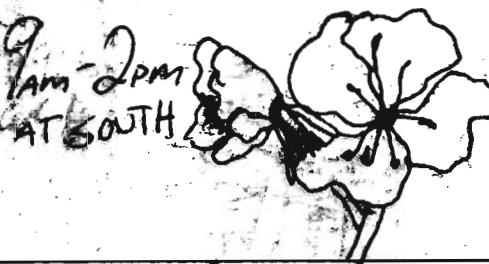
WILD N' CRAZY EDIBLES

with your leaders:

Molly 965-1973

Gail 964-5857

Lesa 527-2763



9am - 1pm

AT SOUTH

what you need: Full field kit, LOXH,
boots, plastic bags, +
packet knife.

PARTS OF A PLANT:

- flower: structure that contains the stamens, the pistil, or both.
- bud: small growth on the end or sides of a stem that develops into a flower.
- stalk: supports the flowers and leaves.
- Tuber: swollen section of a root, like potatoes.
- root: underground stems

Edible Plants we will see:

Betony birch ~ tea + syrup

Sassafras ~ tea, jam + jellies

White Pine ~ tea, jam + jellies

Day Lillies ~ filters + potato-like-trees

Cattails ~ boiled seed stalks, flower substitute

Dandelion ~ coffee substitute, edible leaves

Milkweed ~ sprouts and seed pods boiled

Raspberries ~ eaten raw, jam + jellies

leaves used as tea

Violets ~ flowers eaten raw, jellied or berry

candied, leaves like spinach

Wood Sorrel ~ leaves like lemon

Today we will be learning about and eating edible plants which can be found around here. Knowing what is okay to eat can be very helpful to us as people, hikers, and campers. You will be well prepared for our other trips like: Blue Hills, Mt. Monadnock, and Mt. Washington where we will see other wild edibles like: blueberries, bilberries, cloudberries, mountain cranberries, Labrador tea, wild raisin, crowberries, woodland mountain sorrel.

If you would like to bring it if you have any some wild edibles books or wild flowers books.

We will be walking around South gathering Black Birch twigs,

Sassafras roots, day lillies, and Cattails. When we get these we will then cook them up to eat - yum yum!

Questions to think on:

- How do you know if a blueberry is edible or not?
- What is the difference between a wood sorrel and a clover?
- What kind of clover can you eat?

Start - 9:00 AM

End - 2:00 PM

Meet At - Newton South

Leaders - Me + Stacy (965-4988)

or Gordon (244-9304)

Molly Smith (965-1979)

Tripslip #657

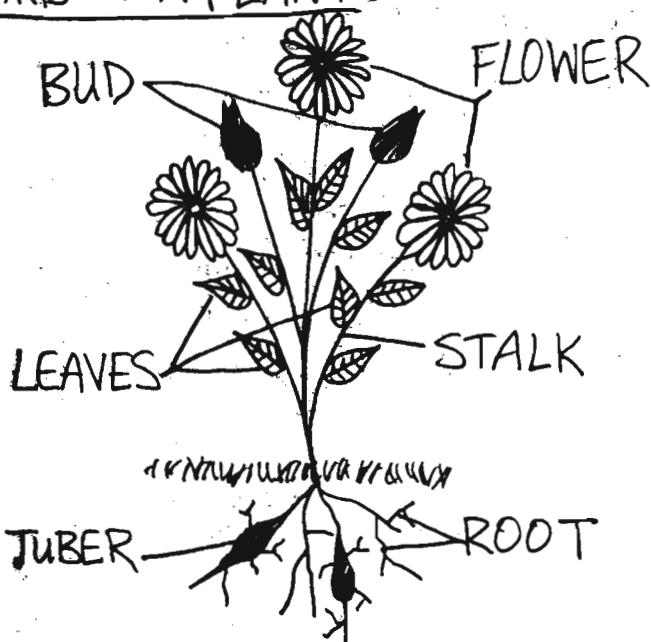
Wednesday, July 8th; 9th

WILD EDIBLES

Equipment: Field kit, BOOTS, Lunch, water, jackknife, PLASTIC

BAGS

PARTS OF A PLANT:



PLANTS WE WILL BE LOOKING FOR:

Black berries Dandelions

Blueberries Yellow Birch

Day Lillies Wood Sorrel

Cattails Sassafras

Raspberries VIOLETS

If you were ever left stranded in the wild without food, would you know which plants you could eat, and which ones you couldn't? Hopefully WILD EDIBLES will be able to give you a few suggestions as to how you could survive! Our menu for the day will include sassafras tea, Day Lilly tempura, Black Birch tea and cattails. If we are lucky, we may find a substantial amount of raspberries, blackberries and blueberries. All of our foods will be found around Newton South and all of our cooking will be done there too. The plastic bags are important because we need them to gather our foods in. Everyone should bring a few.

QUESTIONS? QUESTIONS? QUESTIONS? QUESTIONS?

• How can you tell if a blueberry is edible or not?

• What is the difference between wood sorrel and clover?

July 8, 1998
Trip slip #5

Leaders - Sarah Northrup - #965-4602

Pam Mahoney - #527-5831

Times: 9:00am
2:00pm

Wild Edibles

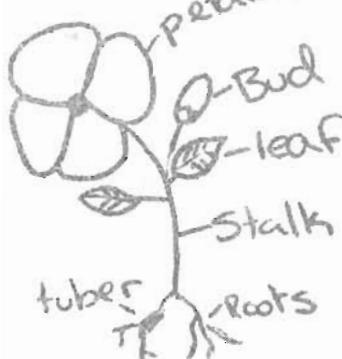
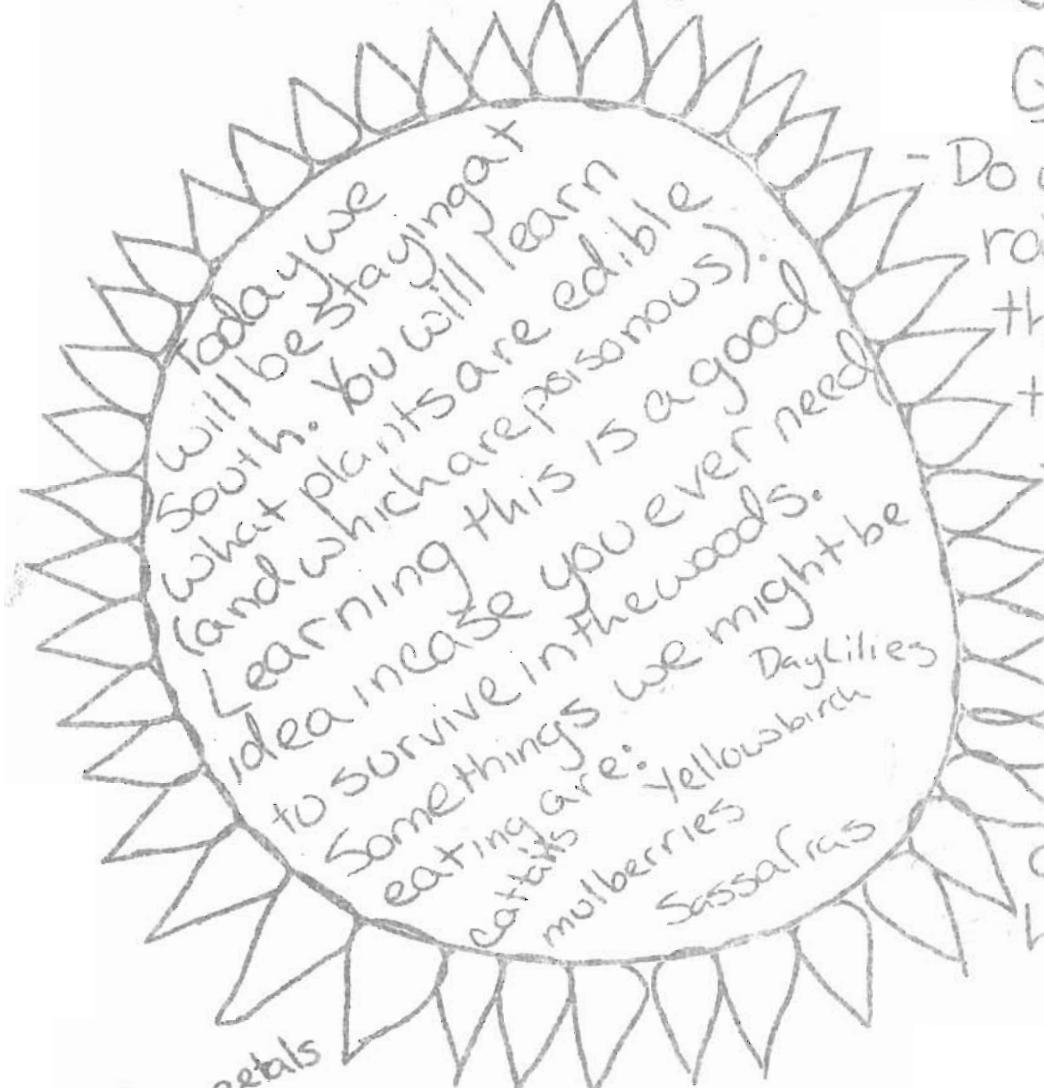
Equipment:
 Field kit,
lunch, boots,
water, pocket
knife, PLASTIC
BAGS

Questions:

- Do you ever eat random mushrooms that you see in the woods?

- Do you ever eat berries if you don't know what they are?

(Hint: both answers should have been NO!)



It's good to know the different parts of a flower. Just because one part is edible doesn't mean the whole thing is.

Leaders: Jenny (969-2776) & Pam (527-5831)

TRIPSLIP # 5

Times: 9 AM - 2 PM

July 8, 1997

Wild Edibles

Equipment: daypack, lunch, water, sneakers or boots, field kit, pocket knife, PLASTIC

BAGS!

This trip is for those of us who've always wondered what flowers taste like and what you can eat and CANNOT EAT. Here are some fun things you can eat:

Day Lilles- fried in batter

Wood Sorrel- eat the leaves as is (are?)

Green Cattails- boiled like corn on the cob

Dried Curlydoc- like granola or cereal

Raspberries/Mulberries- as is or in tarts

Sassafrass- boil the roots for tea

Black/ Yellow Birch- boil for tea

*N*E*A*T*O**H*U*H*

Today we're gonna whip up some of this stuff to eat so I hope you brought you're appetite! We are also going to talk about the different parts of a flower, because there are some flowers that you can only eat certain parts of. Say... can you draw a flower and label it's parts, like the **flower, bud, stalk, tuber, root?** You can give it the good ole Envi- Sci try right here below!!

And be ready to get messy, because we'll be digging in the dirt a bit today!**Woo-Hoo*******

Leaders: Jenny (969-2776) & Pam (527-5831)

TRIPSLIP # 5

Times: 9 AM - 2 PM

July 8, 1997

Wild Edibles

Equipment: daypack, lunch, water, sneakers or boots, field kit, pocket knife, PLASTIC

BAGS!

This trip is for those of us who've always wondered what flowers taste like and what you can eat and CANNOT EAT. Here are some fun things you can eat:

Day Lilles- fried in batter

Wood Sorrel- eat the leaves as is (are?)

Green Cattails- boiled like corn on the cob

Dried Curlydoc- like granola or cereal

Raspberries/Mulberries- as is or in tarts

Sassafrass- boil the roots for tea

Black/ Yellow Birch- boil for tea

*N*E*A*T*O***H*U*H*

Today we're gonna whip up some of this stuff to eat so I hope you brought you're appetite! We are also going to talk about the different parts of a flower, because there are some flowers that you can only eat certain parts of. Say... can you draw a flower and label it's parts, like the **flower, bud, stalk, tuber, root?** You can give it the good ole Envi- Sci try right here below!!

And be ready to get messy, because we'll be digging in the dirt a bit today!**Woo-Hoo*******

Leader: Super Sayles, A.K.A Jesse (965-2719)
The Heroic Simunovic A.K.A Angela (527-7993)

TRIPSLIP #6

July 8th, 1999

Times: 9am – 2pm

Location: Brown middle school



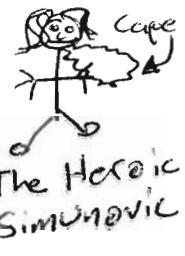
Lilly the Day Lilie



Weedy the Wood Sorrel



Super Sayles



The Heroic Simunovic

Wild Edi's.

A.K.A. Wild Edibles

Equipment: backpack, Hiking boots, lunch, WATER (more than two quarts), Field kit (notebook, pencils, first aid kit, extra boot laces, rain gear, sunscreen, bug stuff, pocket knife), Small plastic bags, trowels if you have 'em, your appetite

Lilly: Oh No, this is my least favorite trip. They're going to eat my family.

Woody: Oh the Horror, the Horror. They just ate Billy. Boo hooo.

Jesse: Suck it up you plants. This is wield edibles, and this is what we do on this trip, eat plants.

Angela: That's right. We're going to hang around Brown, and eat plants. Were going to eat things like Day Lilies, Green Cattails, Raspberries/Mulberries, Black Birch, Wood sorrel, Curlydoc, Sassafras, and Sumac.

Jesse: That's right, were going to fix 'em up and eat them.

Lilly: My poor family, please not my family. Don't eat them.

One extra credit point in life if you can draw a flower and label the Petal, Sepal, Stem, Pistil, Stigma, Style, Ovary, Stamen, Anther, Pollen, Filament.

Two more if you can give the function of all the parts.

One extra credit point in life if you can figure out why I called the trip "Wield Edi's."

Draw your
flower here ↗

| I did one for you | Part | Function |
|----------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| Now you do the rest, | Petal | attracts organisms to pollenate. |

Wild

Edibles

leaders:

Sarah
#965-4602
Jenny
#969-2776

hip hip hooray
July 8 and 11
9-2

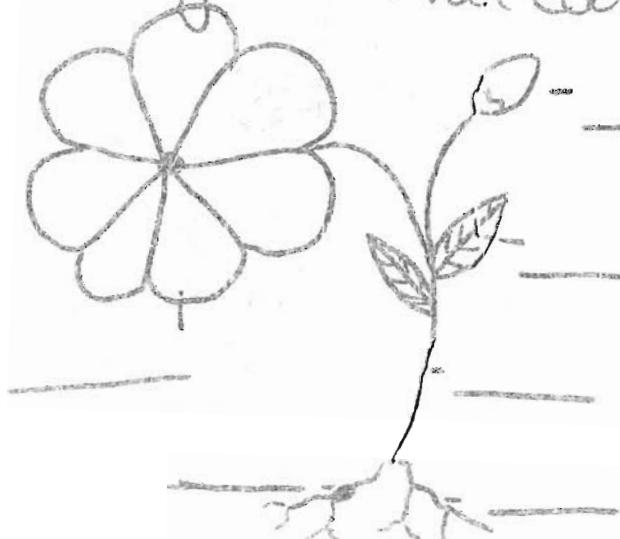
Start at South

Equipment

Field kit, lunch,
water, boots,
POCKET KNIFE,
plastic bags, or
plastic containers

For this trip, we're going to stay close to South. We're going to learn about what sorts of plants you can eat, and which ones to stay away from. (sometimes they can be very similar, so ~~please~~ pay attention.)

We're going to make and eat lots of very different kinds of foods. You don't have to like it, but please try it all, you might be surprised by something. Some of the things are things you would never expect to be edible... Did you know you can eat daylilies and cattails?



How many of the blanks can you fill in?
(I want to see them filled in...) Why is it important to know the parts of a plant???

Tripslip # 5

7/7/99

Leaders: Alex K. (964-7768)

Angela S. (527-7993)

Times: 9-2

Meet @ Brown

Equipment- Water, Field Kit, Lunch, Guess What? You can leave your boots at home, wear whatever you want.

Wild Edibles

Ah yes, one of my all time Envi-Sci favorites: Wild Edibles. We will be staying in the area close to Brown today, in search of various wild delicacies. We will be learning what's OK to eat, and what's not, as well as some interesting recipes and preparation techniques.

Disclaimer: The Environmental Science program recommends that you do not try this if you are not in the presence of experienced personnel. It is not a good idea to eat something without being absolutely sure you know what you are ingesting.

Here's one quick distinction that can mean the difference between a good snack, and a trip to the emergency room:

Day Lily- MAKES A VERY TASTY, AND BEAUTIFUL SNACK.

TIGER Lily- Highly poisonous. VERY BEAUTIFUL, but MAKES A VERY BAD SNACK.

Note the differences in the leaf patterns.

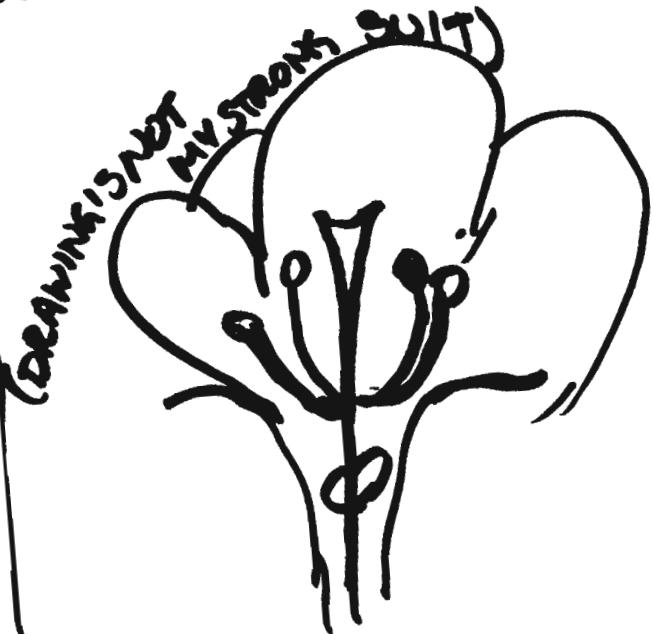
WILD EDIBLES

LEADERS: JEFF (382-3617) ANGELA (527-7993) LOCATION: BROWN 8:30 - 4

EQUIPMENT: FIELD KIT, H₂O, LUNCH, BOOTS OR SNEAKERS (NO SANDALS)
SMALL SHOVEL (TROWEL) IF YOU HAVE ONE, SMALL PLASTIC BAGS
AND A BIG OL' APPETITE!

THIS IS ONE OF MY FAVORITE DAY TRIPS. IT IS ALSO OF FUN AND YOU GET TO EAT REALLY GOOD FOOD! WE STAY PRETTY CLOSE TO BROWN TODAY AND COLLECT ALL SORTS OF PLANTS, FLOWERS, BERRIES. THEN, WE BRINK THEM BACK TO BROWN AND COOK ALL SORTS OF YUMMY STUFF. THE IMPORTANT THING ABOUT EATING WILD PLANTS IS THAT YOU ARE SURE OF WHAT YOU ARE IF IT IS SAFE. THAT'S HOPE TO TEACH

WE ARE ALSO GOING TO LOOK CLOSELY AT FLOWERS:



CAN YOU IDENTIFY:
- PETAL
- ANTER
- STAMEN
- STIGMA
- CARPEL / PISTIL
- OVULES

trip plan
July 8 and 11
9-2
Start at South

Wild Edibles

leaders:

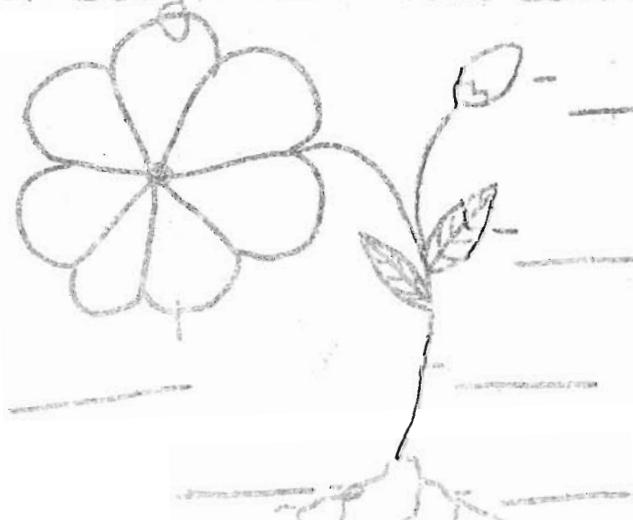
Sarah
#965-4602
Jenny
#969-2776

Equipment

Field kit, lunch,
water, boots,
POCKET KNIFE,
plastic bags, or
plastic containers

For this trip, we're going to stay close to South. We're going to learn about what sorts of plants you can eat, and which ones to stay away from. (sometimes they can be very similar, so ~~please~~ pay attention.)

We're going to make and eat lots of very different kinds of foods. You don't have to like it, but please try it all, you might be surprised by something. Some of the things are things you would never expect to be edible... Did you know you can eat daylilies and cattails?



D - How many of the blanks can you fill in?
(I want to see them filled in...) Why is it important to know the parts of a plant???

July 6, 1983

Wild Edibles

Time: 9-2

Leaders:

Steven Sampson 244-7622

Debbie Autor 965-0246

Equipment:

Full field kit

Cups (for tea)

Lunch

Group Equipment:

Plastic Bags

Field guides

Buckets

Shovel

Cooking gear

Objectives:

- To work on accurate plant identification
- To learn about some of the things around us that are good to eat
- To learn what parts of a plant might be edible
- To learn about cooking

PLANTS:

Daylilies-buds, flowers, tubers

Raspberries-Fruit, leaves for tea

Stinging Nettle-Peeled stalk

Yellow Birch-twigs for tea, sap

Cattails-tubers, young shoots, green seed stalk, pollen, roots for flour

Oak-Nuts(acorn) after treating

White Pine-needles for tea, bark, buds, cones(seeds)

Sassafras-leaves for jelly and pie, powder, roots for tea

Blueberry-fruit

Violets-flower, leaves-boil

Plantain-leaves (boiled)

Curly Dock-seeds

Milkweed-shoots, buds, young seed pods

wild edibles

-TO EAT !!!

Today we will mostly be around the south high rea. We will be learning and then collecting edible plants. We will also discuss some of the edible plants you might see later in the program.

One of the most important things we will learn is proper plant id entification. Not getting the rig ht plant to eat can be a BAD SCENE.

Another thing we'll be looking at is what parts of the plant we eat. A list o f the uses of d ifferent plants in this tripsli for future reference.

Parts of plants:

stalks

twigs

bark

pollen

roots

leaves

tubers-fat, potato-like part of some roots

nut

fruit

seed

ALL OF THESE CAN BE EAT'N IN SOME PLANTS!!!

WILD Edibles

For future reference:
PARTS OF PLANTS

Leader: Simon Rakov 244-4447

Date: July 3, 1986

Equipment: Full field kit, cups (for tea)
Group Equipment: Cooking gear
Field guides
Plastic bags

Come prepared to try something new!

Yes, you should bring lunch, but we will be finding, preparing and EATING lots of wild food.

Today we will be hanging around the

South High area. Some of the plants we find might even be in your own yard. We will be working on PROPER plant identification, so that we don't eat the wrong parts of plants (!)

Once you have learned which plants are edible, we will collect some and prepare them. We'll also discuss some of the edible plants that you might find later in the program.

PLANTS: to eat

Day Lilies - buds, flowers, tubers

Raspberries - FRUIT, leaves for tea

Stinging nettle - PEELED stalk if you're desperate

Yellow Birch - twigs for tea, sap for

Syrup

Cattails - prized by the INDIANS because almost all of it can be used.

Edible parts: rhizomes, young shoots

(green send stalky pollen)

Oak - nuts (acorns) AFTER treating

White pine - needles for tea, bark, cones (seeds)

Sassafras - leaves for jelly, roots for tea or ROOT BEER

Blueberry - fruit!

Violet - flowers, leaves (boiled)

Plantain - leaves (boiled)

Wood Sorrel - leaves (boiled)

leaves

juice

leaves

juice

TRIP #6

JULY 13, 1982

TRIP W
E

TIME: 9 AM - 2 PM

LEADERS:

DAN BROTMAN 332-5616
DEBBI STEINBERG 969-8133
BETH HOLMBERG 332-7655

EQUIPMENT:

FULL FIELD KIT (yes,
even lunch), PLASTIC BAGS,
PLASTIC CUP (for teas),
AN APPETITE.

TODAY IS PROPER PLANT IDENTIFICATION. NOT EATING THE RIGHT PLANT TO EAT CAN BE A BAD SCENE.

ANOTHER THING WE'LL BE LOOKING AT IS WHAT PARTS OF THE PLANT WE EAT. A LIST OF THE USES OF DIFFERENT PLANTS IS IN THIS TRIPSLIP FOR FUTURE REPERANCE.

Parts of Plants

(4)

GROUP EQUIPMENT:
FIELD GUIDES, BUCKET,
SHOVEL, COOKING GEAR.

- TO WORK ON ACCURATE PLANT IDENTIFICATION
- TO LEARN ABOUT SOME OF THE THINGS AROUND US THAT ARE GOOD TO EAT
- TO LEARN WHAT PARTS OF A PLANT MIGHT BE EDIBLE.
- TO LEARN ABOUT COOKING WILD EDIBLES

(2)

TO EAT!!



TODAY WE WILL MOSTLY BE AROUND THE SOUTH HIGH AREA. WE WILL BE LEARNING, AND THEN COLLECTING EDIBLE PLANTS. WE WILL ALSO DISCUSS SOME OF THE EDIBLE PLANTS YOU MIGHT SEE LATER IN THE PROGRAM.

ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT THINGS WE WILL (3) LEARN

Cattails: tubers, young shoots, green seed stalk, pollen, roots for flour.

Oak: nuts (acorn) after treating

white pine: needles for tea, bark, buds, cones (seeds).

Sagebrush: leaves for jelly and file powder, roots for tea.

Blueberry: fruit.

Violets: flower, leaves (boiled)

Plantain: leaves (boiled)

Curd dock: seeds

Milkweed: shoots, buds, young seed pods.

WOOD SORREL: leaves (fresh)

Burdock: peeled stalk

Wintergreen: leaves, berries

PLANTS:

Daylilies: Buds, Flowers, tubers.

Raspberries: Fruit, leaves for tea

Stinging nettle: peeled stalk.

Yellowbirch: twigs for tea, sap

(5)

(6)

(6)

TRIP #3 July 7, 1983
 TRIP: WILD EDIBLES (YUM)
 TIME: 9-2 PM

LEADERS:

WENDY GROSS 965-9821
 DEBBIE STEINBERG 969-8133
 BETH HOLMBERG 332-7655

EQUIPMENT: FULL FIELD KIT (even lunch), PLASTIC BAGS, PLASTIC CUP (for tea), THE WILL TO EAT.

①

EDIBLE PLANTS WE MIGHT SEE LATER IN THE PROGRAM (ON KITTERY OR IN THE MOUNTAINS)
 ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT THINGS WE'LL WORK ON TODAY IS PROPER IDENTIFICATION.
 ANOTHER IMPORTANT THING IS WHICH PARTS OF A PLANT ARE EDIBLE. ON SOME PLANTS, ONE PART IS A GREAT FOR YOU, AND ANOTHER PART IS POISONOUS.

GROUP EQUIPMENT:
 SHOVEL, COOKING STUFF,
 BUCKET, FIELD GUIDES,
 NEWTON SOUTH

OBJECTIVES:

- ▲ TO WORK ON proper, accurate plant identification.
- ▲ TO look at what parts of a plant might be eaten
- ▲ To learn about what things around us are good to eat

②

QUESTIONS, ETC.

- ③ What are the various parts of plants?
- How might various parts be eaten?
- How do you identify a plant?
- What are some identifying features?
- What kinds of preparation are needed for

④

▲ To learn to (hopefully) make the rest of the time in the program yummy!

▲ To learn how to prepare wild edibles



TODAY, WE'LL MOSTLY BE AROUND THE SOUND HIGH AREA, LINCOLN, WHO KNOWS WHERE THE QUEST MEETS LEAD?) WE'LL BE LEARNING ABOUT COLLECTING, AND EATING EDIBLE PLANTS. WE WILL ALSO DISCUSS SOME OF THE

⑤

various wild edibles?
 Would you eat a sumac with red berries? How about one with white berries?
 What about grasshoppers?
 (Yeah - what about them?)

⑥

Tuesday, July 3, 1980

Trip #2

Trip: Wild Edibles (100)

Leaders: Beth Holmberg
Lisa Botterly

Phone: 332-7655 (Beth)
527-7470 (Lisa)

Time: 9:00 - 2:00 or 3:00

Equipment: Boots, long pants (rasberry bushes), lunch, water, notebook, collecting stuff, I.D. books, cooking equipment, an appetite.

Today we will be walking around the south High area seeing what we can dig up to

Edible Parts of Plants

Yellow Birch: Twigs & inner bark for tea or chewing. Saps for syrup (like maple).

Sassafras: Roots for tea, twigs for chewing, leaves for jams or jelly. White Pine: Needles, inner bark and buds for tea, eaten raw, jams + jellies.

Dry Lillies - Buds and flowers for fritters, tubers eaten like potatoes.

eat. If we have time, we'll also go to Hammond Woods for some extra food.

We will try to get yellow birch, sassafras and white pine for tea, day lilies for fritters, catgills sorrel and black raspberries. One of the main ideas we will learn today is proper identification. With edible plants it is very important to make sure you know what the plant is. It's a

good idea to take notes on identifying features.

We may run over a little if we find a lot while we're cooking and eating, we'll talk about some other edible foods, including the ones we might find in the mountains.

Bring along a little hunger for a big lunch, and be ready to try a few new things. If you have any books on edible plants, bring 'em along. (3)

Cattails: A very popular plant with the Indians because almost the entire plant is usable. The young tubers can be boiled; older ones can be dried and pounded for a flour substitute. Young shoots and young seeds stalks are boiled and eaten. The older leaves are used for ropes and baskets. The pollen is another flour substitute.

Dandelion: Young leaves and buds eaten raw or cooked. Roots roasted and used as a coffee substitute.

Milkweed: Young sprouts, buds, and seed pods can be boiled and eaten, but due to the latex sap, they must be boiled for 30 min. with 3 changes of water to get it all out.

Raspberries: Ripe fruit eaten raw, in jams, jellies, etc. Leaves used as tea.

Violets: Jammed with vitamins and yummy too! Flowers eaten raw or used in jelly or candied. Leaves used like spinach - raw in salad or cooked - taste a lot like, but better than spinach.

(4)

(5)

(6)

July 11, 1990

Hipslips #7
Trip: Wild

Edibles

Part 1 (964-5857)

Game - Zone

Equivalent foraging for food Plastic Baggies, knife, and APPETITE

Today we will be walking around the Newton South Area looking for anything edible. We will be collecting many different plants and cooking them up in interesting ways. You'll be surprised at how much there is to eat!

Edible Plants:

Yellow Birch ~ tea and syrup

Gassafra~ tea, jam, and jellies

White Pine ~ tea, jam, and jellies

Paw Lillies ~ fritters and potato-like tubers

Tall Ails ~ boiled seed stalks, flour substitute.

Dandelion ~ coffee substitute, leaves

Likweed ~ sprouts and seed pods (boiled)

Raspberries ~ raw fruit, jams and jellies,
(leaves made into tea)

Violets ~ flowers eaten raw, jellied or candied,
Leaves boiled into spinach-like greens

Wood Sorrel ~ leaves like lemon.

Sumac ~ berries boiled into lemonade or tea



Vocabulary:

flowers - structure with an angiosperm - contains stamens, pistils, or both.

bud - small growth on the end or sides of a stem that develops into a flower

Stalk - part of the angiosperm that supports the flower and leaves.

leaves - part of a tree or plant that contains photosynthetic material

tuber - swollen section of underground stems (root) like potatoes

Make a note of what kinds of things grow where. You can then have some idea of where to find things in the future. (Just in case you have to forage at some point)

Plants on other trips: Blue Hills, Monadnock, and Mt. Washington!

| | | |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| Bilberries | - Cloudberries | - Wild Raisin |
| Mountain Cranberries | - Labrador tea | - Wood and Mountain Sorrel |
| Crowberries | - Blue berries | |